## 2012 Camp David Accountability Report: Japan In-Depth Table (Self-Reported)

Donor of Other Recipient of Funding  Funding (in US\$ millions)  FUNDING: \$155.57m committed, including C (\$149.80m) and CY11 (\$5.77m) appropriation  FROGRAMS: Capacity building for rice prom including New Rice for Africa (NERICA), irriga development and improvement of transport infrastructure.  Japan  Uganda  155.57  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide  FUNDING: \$75.58m committed, including CY (\$71.06m) and CY11 (\$4.52m) appropriations  PROGRAMS: Improving research capacity for Corridor agriculture development and improve transport infrastructure.  Japan  Mozambique  75.58  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide, particular and improve transport infrastructure.  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide particular and improve transport infrastructure.	increasing rice production by strengthening the capacity of research and development and training the dessemination service providers, as well as improving the quality of rice. Improving transport infrastructure is a prominent objective as well.  Improving agricultural productivity by developing and transferring proper agricultural technology and building capacity of farmers and staff of research institutions. Also aims to improve transport infrastructure.	Indicators such as rice cultivation area and rice production are tracked by, among others, post evaluation.	Progress To-Date Technical cooperation related to rice cultivation is under implementation	Supporting Country Investment Plans Japan's projects are based on "Development Strategy and Investment Plan (DSIP): 2010-2015" in "National Development Plan (NDP): 2010-2015" and "National Rice Development Strategy" prepared in Coalition of African Rice Development (CARD) process.	Strategic Coordination  Japan promotes the CARD initiative, which aims to promote rice cultivation in Africa via information sharing, harmonization of existing initiatives and projects, and advocacy for further investment, with donors, research institutions and other relevant organizations, .	Comprehensive Approach  Japan promotes a comprehensive approach incorporating agro-ecology, value chain approach and capacity development.	Leveraging Multilaterals  Japan has been cooperating with CARD supporting partners, including such multilaterals as AGRA, NEPAD, FARA, FAO, IRRI, ARC, WB, AfDB and IFAD.
### PROGRAMS: \$155.57m committed, including C (\$149.80m) and CY11 (\$5.77m) appropriation   ### PROGRAMS: Capacity building for rice prom including New Rice for Africa (NERICA), irriga development and improvement of transport infrastructure.  #### Japan Uganda 155.57  ### GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide   #### FUNDING: \$75.58m committed, including CY (\$71.06m) and CY11 (\$4.52m) appropriations   #### PROGRAMS: Improving research capacity for Corridor agriculture development and improve transport infrastructure.  ###################################	Increasing the income of smallholder farmers and increasing rice production by strengthening the capacity of research and development and training the dessemination service providers, as well as improving the quality of rice. Improving transport infrastructure is a prominent objective as well.  Improving agricultural productivity by developing and transferring proper agricultural technology and building capacity of farmers and staff of research institutions. Also aims to improve transport infrastructure.	Indicators such as rice cultivation area and rice production are tracked by, among others, post evaluation.	Technical cooperation related to rice cultivation is under	Japan's projects are based on "Development Strategy and Investment Plan (DSIP): 2010-2015" in "National Development Plan (NDP): 2010-2015" and "National Rice Development Strategy" prepared in Coalition of African Rice Development	Japan promotes the CARD initiative, which aims to promote rice cultivation in Africa via information sharing, harmonization of existing initiatives and projects, and advocacy for further investment, with donors, research	Japan promotes a comprehensive approach incorporating agro-ecology, value chain	Japan has been cooperating with CARD supporting partners, including such
(\$149.80m) and CY11 (\$5.77m) appropriation  PROGRAMS: Capacity building for rice prom including New Rice for Africa (NERICA), irriga development and improvement of transport infrastructure.  Japan Uganda 155.57  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide  FUNDING: \$75.58m committed, including CY (\$71.06m) and CY11 (\$4.52m) appropriations  PROGRAMS: Improving research capacity for Corridor agriculture development and improve transport infrastructure.  Japan Mozambique 75.58  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide, particul Nampula City, Nampula Province / Lichinga C Nilassa Province	increasing rice production by strengthening the capacity of research and development and training the dessemination service providers, as well as improving the quality of rice. Improving transport infrastructure is a prominent objective as well.  Improving agricultural productivity by developing and transferring proper agricultural technology and building capacity of farmers and staff of research institutions. Also aims to improve transport infrastructure.	tracked by, among others, post evaluation.		Investment Plan (DSIP): 2010-2015" in "National Development Plan (NDP): 2010-2015" and "National Rice Development Strategy" prepared in Coalition of African Rice Development	promote rice cultivation in Africa via information sharing, harmonization of existing initiatives and projects, and advocacy for further investment, with donors, research	incorporating agro-ecology, value chain	
FUNDING: \$75.58m committed, including CY (\$71.06m) and CY11 (\$4.52m) appropriations  PROGRAMS: Improving research capacity for Comidor agriculture development and improve transport infrastructure.  Japan Mozambique 75.58  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide, particul Nampula City, Nampula Province / Lichinga C Niassa Province	transferring proper agricultural technology and building capacity of farmers and staff of research institutions. Also aims to improve transport infrastructure.						
(\$71.06m) and CY11 (\$4.52m) appropriations  PROGRAMS: Improving research capacity for Corridor agriculture development and improve transport infrastructure.  Japan Mozambique 75.58  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide, particul Nampula City, Nampula Province / Lichinga Continues Pr	transferring proper agricultural technology and building capacity of farmers and staff of research institutions. Also aims to improve transport infrastructure.						
Nampula City, Nampula Province / Lichinga C Niassa Province		Indicators such as evaluation of reseach systems, data on natural resources, social and economic situations, and extention officers for new agricultural technology are tracked by, among others, post evaluation.  Indicators such as utilization of collecting data from ASDP and	Technical cooperation related to reseach is under implementation  Technical cooperation related to ASDP support is under	Japan's projects are based on "Agricultural Sector Development	in Mozambique.	development, including regional infrastructure improvement and agricultural development, in the Nacala Corridor.	al Japan has been cooperating with CARD supporting partners, including such multilaterals as AGRA, NEPAD, FARA, FAO, IRRI, ARC, WB, AfDB and IFAD.  Japan has been cooperating with CARD supporting partners, including such
FUNDING: \$121.92m committed, including C							
(\$91.5 m) and CY11 (\$30.4 m) appropriation  PROGRAMS: Capacity development for plan implementation of agriculture development are improvement of transport infrastructure.  Japan Tanzania 121.92  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide	Agricultural Sector Development Programme (ASDP), and transport infrastructure.	number of District Agricultural Development Plan (DADP) using the results of analysis through ASDP are tracked by, among others, post evaluation.	implementation	Programme: ASDP* and ASDP basket fund launched by the Government of Tanzania and donor countries including the Government of Japan.	and has been consulting with other donor countries in the basket fund steering committee.		multilaterals as AGRA, NEPAD, FARA, FAO, IRRI, ARC, WB, ArDB and IFAD.
FUNDING: \$159.99m committed, including C	0 Increasing the income of farmers and increasing rice by 2018	Indicators such as beneficiary areas, rice production and productivity	Van laan ralated to irrination in under implementation	Japan's projects align with "Vision 2030" which was planned in	Japan promotes the Coalition of African Rice	Innon promotos a comprehensiva approach	Jacob has been economica with CARD supporting partners, including such
Japan Kenya 159.99 PROGRAMS: Capacity building for smallhold farmers and development of irrigation system  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide, particular Mwea	production by improving irrigation facilities and strengthning management capacity	includants such as venezially aleas, nee production and productivity are tracked by, among others, post evaluation four years after project's completion.	ren oan reiaeu o myaion is unoe impeneniaion	Japans projects any limit visual 2000 minut was parietied in 2008 as a successor to "Investment Program for the Economic Recovery Strategy for Wealth and Employment Creation 2003-2007 (IP-ERS)".	sepain prioritioss are columbit or variant face. Development (CARD) initiative, which aims to promote rice cultivation in Africa via information sharing, harmonization of existing initiatives, and projects and advocacy for futher investment, with donors, research institutions and other relevant organizations.	Japan promotes a comprehensive approach incorporating agro-ecology, value chain approach and capacity development.	Japan has been cooperating with CARD supporting partners, including such multilaterals as AGRA, NEPAD, FARA, FAO, IRRI, ARC, WB, AfDB and IFAD.
Japan Bangladesh 747.02    FUNDING: \$747.02m committed, including C (\$316.39m) and CY11 (\$430.63m) appropriated (\$316.39m) appropriated (\$316.39m) and CY11 (\$430.63m) appropriated (\$316.39m) app	s. social services for the rural poor through the construction and rehabilitation of rural infrastructure; (ii) Strengthening and stabilizing the power supply in rural areas through improving the power distribution facilities; (iii) Achieving smoother transportation and improved regional connectivity through constructing a multi-purpose bridge.	Indicators such as traffic volume, saved traveling time and power output capacity are tracked by, among others, base line investigation and post evaluation four years after project's completion.	Yen Loan related to rural development and infrastructure is under implementation	Japan's projects are based on "Poverty Reduction Strategy Papei (PRSP)", "National Strategy for Accelerated Poverty Reduction II" and the "Sixth Five Year Plan (2011-2015)".	Japan has contributed to poverty reduction through economic growth with emphasis on rural infrastructure development.	Japan has assisted rural development in a comprehensive approach including the assistance to improvement of roads, bridges, power distribution lines, markets, etc., through financial assistance and technical cooperation.	Japan has been cooperating with major development partners, including WB, ADB, USAID and DIID.
FUNDING: \$355.96m committed, including C (\$82.77m) and CY11 (\$273.19m) appropriation PROGRAMS: Improvement of the diffusion s	district government to improve the production, post- harvest processing and marketing of market-oriented agricultural products. Transport infrastructure	Indicators such as production, amount of sales, and value of sales of market-oriented agricultural products are tracked by post evaluation four years after project's completion.		Japan's projects align with strategies prioritized in "Socio Economic Development Strategic 2010-2015".		Japan promotes comprehensive approach through programs for "Rural Development and Improvements in Livelihood".	Japan has been cooperating with developing partners in Vietnam, including such multilaterals as ADB, WB and FAO.
Japan Vietnam 355.96  Japan Vietnam 365.96  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide	improvement is another focus as well.						

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	Country Partner		and Focus of Funding	Objectives		Managing for Development Results		AFSI Commitments			
Donor	r or Other Recipient of Funding	Funding (in US\$ millions)		Objectives	Timeline	Illustrative List of Indicators	Progress To-Date	Supporting Country Investment Plans	Strategic Coordination	Comprehensive Approach	Leveraging Multilaterals
Japar	Cambodia	65.46		Improving agricultural productivity and livelihoods of farmers by rehabilitating irrigation schemes, strengthening water user groups and providing agricultural extension services.		Indicators such as developed irrigation area, rice cultivation area, rice production, and number of water user groups are tracked by post evaluation four years after project's completion.		Strategic Development Plan 2009-2013" and "Strategy for Agriculture and Water 2010-2013".	between the government of Cambodia and donor countries by participating in Technical Working Groups established under the Cambodia Development Cooperation Forum (CDCC).	Japan promotes comprehensive approach through two aid programs, "water resources and irrigation management" and "agriculture extension and distribution," which address issues on irrigation development, dissemination of crop production and fishery techniques, and promotion of value added agricultural products.	Japan has been cooperating with developing partners in Cambodia, including such multilaterals as ADB, WB and FAO.
Japar	Philippines		FUNDING: \$520.46m committed, including CY10 (\$4.51m) and CY11 (\$515.95m) appropriations.  PROGRAMS: Improving livelihoods of farmers, agricultural improvement particularly in rice production and improvement of transport including bridge construction.  GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS: Nation-wide	transportation and strengthen capacity for infrastructure's maintainance.		a) Disbursement amount for committed amount     b) Indicators such as developed infrastructure, and traffic volume are     tracked by post evaluation four years after project's completion.	Yen Loan related to Infrastructure development is under implementation		agricultural sector with donors, including ADB and WB.		Japan has been cooperating with developing partners in Philippines, including such multilaterals as ADB, WB and FAO.
Total		2201.96									

※Country Note

JAPAN: Under "Objective" and "Managing for Development Results," major projects in partner countries are referred to because Japan has committed a number of technical cooperation projects.